BUSHFIRE ASSESSMENT REPORT

Application for bush fire safety authority

For a boundary re-alignment subdivision of bushfire-prone land

at 1607 Salisbury Road, Underbank



Property access road, photo taken 22-09-2021

Report prepared December 2021



Document status							
Project title	Bushfire Asses	Bushfire Assessment Report for BFSA: Boundary re-alignment subdivision at 1607					
	Salisbury Road, Underbank.						
Client	Hill Top Planners on behalf of John, Sandra & Prudence Paris.						
Prepared by	Sam Ferguson						
Revision	Date	Prepared	Reviewed				
V1	17/12/2021	17/12/2021 SF Hilltop Planners PTY LTD					
V2		SF	Clients				

This report has been prepared in accordance with clause 44 of the Rural Fires Regulation 2013 (RF Regulation) and satisfies the application requirements for a bush fire safety authority under Section 100B of the Rural Fires Act 1997 (RF Act). These requirements are listed in Appendix I

Signed

Sam Ferguson

B.Env.Sc., G.Cert. Bushfire Protection

Hunter Bushfire Services

17th December 2021

Accreditation number BPAD52192



Disclaimer:

This document may only be used for the intended purpose for which it was commissioned by the client in accordance with the contract between Hunter Bushfire Services and their client. This report has been prepared in response to an agreed scope and based on available data including that supplied by the client. It has been assumed that all supplied information is both accurate and current. This report, results and outcome are accurate at date of production and subject to change over time along with the legislative and policy framework under which it was prepared. Hunter Bushfire Services will not be liable or responsible whatsoever for or in respect of any use of or reliance upon this report and its supporting material by any third party. Unauthorised use of this report in any form whatsoever is prohibited. Implementing the recommendations forwarded within this report as specified would ameliorate potential impact of any bushfire upon the site, but they do not imply that the area will not be affected by bushfire at some time.

Executive summary

Hunter Bushfire Services has been engaged by Hilltop Planners PTY LTD on behalf of John, Sandra & Prudence Paris to prepare a Bushfire Assessment Report (BAR) to accompany a Development Application (DA) for a proposed boundary re-alignment subdivision of land located at 1607 Salisbury Road, Underbank. The proposal is to subdivide 2/DP548362 & 1/DP30442 to create proposed lots 62 & 63 of a new DP. Both lots are owned by the clients. A building entitlement will be identified near the existing homestead.

This assessment considers and assesses the bushfire hazards and potential threats relevant to the proposal, and outlines the minimum mitigative measures required by *Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019* (hereafter PBP) and addresses all submission requirements for an application for a bush fire safety authority (BFSA) under Section 100B(4) of the *Rural Fires Act* 1997 (RF Act) as detailed in Cl.44 of the Rural Fires regulations, and listed in Appendix 2 of PBP 2019.

In order to determine how the proposed development is bushfire-prone, and which setbacks and other Bush Fire Protection Measures (BPM) will be appropriate, this assessment adheres to the methodology and procedures outlined in PBP (2019) via assessment of acceptable solutions as outlined in Chapter 5 of PBP (2019).

This assessment has been made based on the bushfire hazards in and around the Site at the time of Site inspection (22nd September 2021) and report production. This assessment demonstrates that the proposed boundary re-alignment subdivision does not constitute an increased risk to persons or property in the case of a Bushfire.

In summary, the following Site-specific Bushfire Protection Measures have been generated to enable the proposal to comply with PBP (2019);

- Access as dead end roads are unavoidable, they must incorporate a minimum 12 metres outer radius turning circle, and be clearly sign posted as a dead end.
- The Sites are connected electricity, gas supply (if available) and water in accordance with the provisions of table 5.3c PBP (2019) as summarised in the Water Supply & Services section of this report.
- Each lot with an existing dwelling must provide a SWS of 20,000 Litres or more, for firefighting purposes.
- Careful consideration of future Site landscaping and ongoing fuel management must occur
 to minimise the potential impact of bushfire on the site.
- With regard to existing dwellings on each lot and notwithstanding the nature of the proposal (boundary adjustment), it is essential for each land owner to review their individual bushfire safety plan to implement in the case of an emergency. At a minimum ensure that all vegetation in the immediate vicinity of the principal dwelling is managed in accordance with the 10/50 Code at a minimum to afford a minimum standard of protection. In addition, consideration should be given to improved ember protection via screening of openings, gutters, weep holes and vents including sub floor areas. The location and accessibility of water for firefighting purposes should also be carefully considered with due regard to guidance provided in PBP 2019.

Contents

BUSHFIRE ASSESSMENT REPORT	1
Executive summary	1
Introduction	3
Site location details	4
Bushfire Hazard Assessment	8
Vegetation Hazard Classes	8
Slope Assessment	10
Bushfire Hazard Determination	13
APZ	13
Access	14
Water Supply & Services	21
Landscaping and Fuel Management	22
Emergency Management	22
Existing Dwellings (5.1.3)	22
Conclusion & Recommendations	23
References	25
Abbreviations	25
APPENDIX I – SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS	26
APPENDIX II – AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF PBP	28
APPENDIX III – PROPOSED SUBDIVISION PLANS	30
APPENDIX IV – MNES SEARCH	31
APPENDIX V – AHIMS BASIC SEARCH RESULTS	32
Figures	
Figure 1 – Locality Map	
Figure 2 – Site Map	
Figure 3 – Bushfire-Prone Land Map	
Figure 4 – Site Assessment Map Figure 5 – Proposed Subdivision Map	
Figure 6 – Bush Fire Protection Measures Map	
Tables	
Table 1 – Vegetation Hazard Class Determination	
Table 2 – Site photos	
Table 3 – Effective Slope Class Determination Table 4 – Compliance with PBP for APZs (table 5.3a)	
Table 5 – Compliance with PBP for Access (table 5.3b)	
Table 6— Compliance with PBP for Services (table 5.3c)	

Introduction

Hunter Bushfire Services has been engaged by Hill Top Planners PTY LTD on behalf of John, Sandra & Prudence Paris to prepare a BAR to accompany a DA for a subdivision of lot 2 DP548362 & 1 of DP 30442 at 1607 Salisbury Road, Underbank - hereafter referred to as 'the Site' (see **Figure 1**).

The proposal is to subdivide lot 2/DP548362 & 1/DP30442 to create lots 63 & 64 of a new DP. Both lots are owned by the client.

This report determines which Bush Fire Protection Measures (BPM) are appropriate and outlines the minimum mitigative measures required via assessment of acceptable solutions as outlined in Chapter 5 of PBP (2019). This assessment has been made based on the bushfire hazards in and around the site at the time of site inspection (22nd September 2021) and report production.

All development on BFPL must satisfy the aims and objectives of Planning for Bush Fire Protection (PBP).

This BAR addresses the aims and objectives of PBP (2019) as they relate to a subdivision, being:

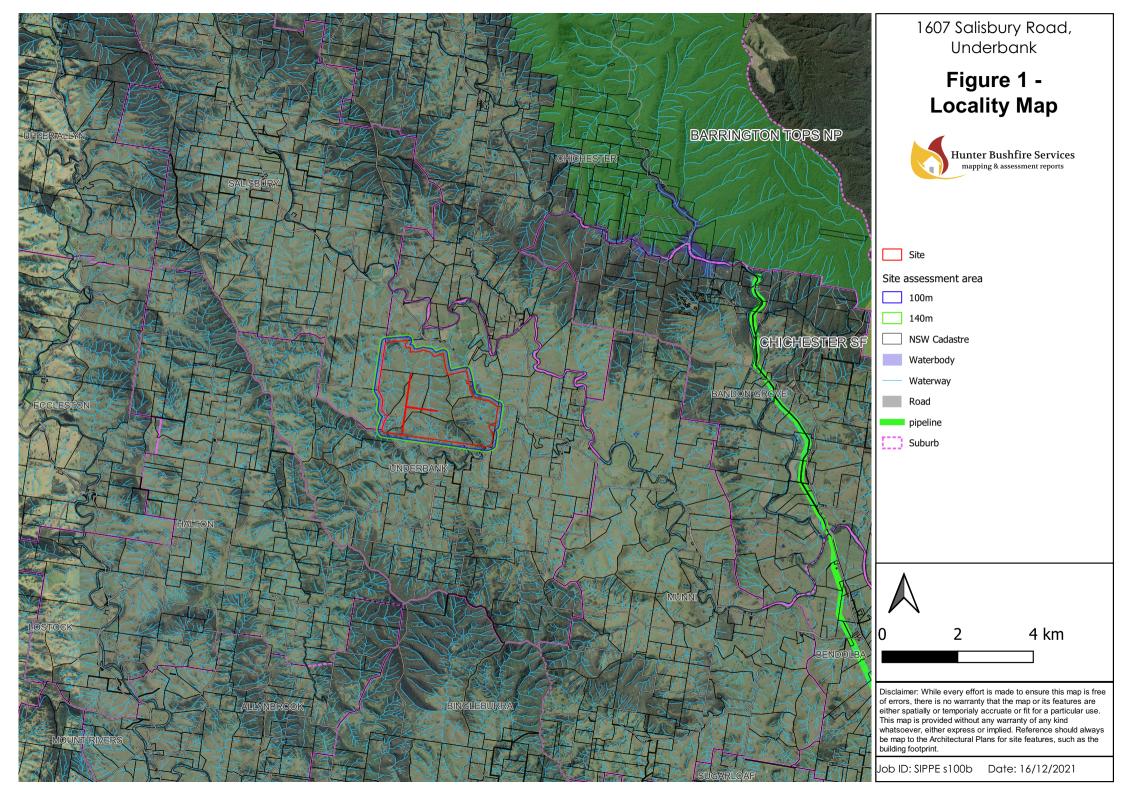
- Afford buildings and their occupants protection from exposure to a bushfire;
- Provide for a defendable space to be located around buildings;
- Provide appropriate separation between a hazard and buildings which, in combination with other measures, prevent the likely fire spread to buildings;
- Ensure that appropriate operational access and egress for emergency service personnel and occupants is available;
- Provide for ongoing management and maintenance of bushfire protection measures; and
- Ensure that utility services are adequate to meet the needs of firefighters

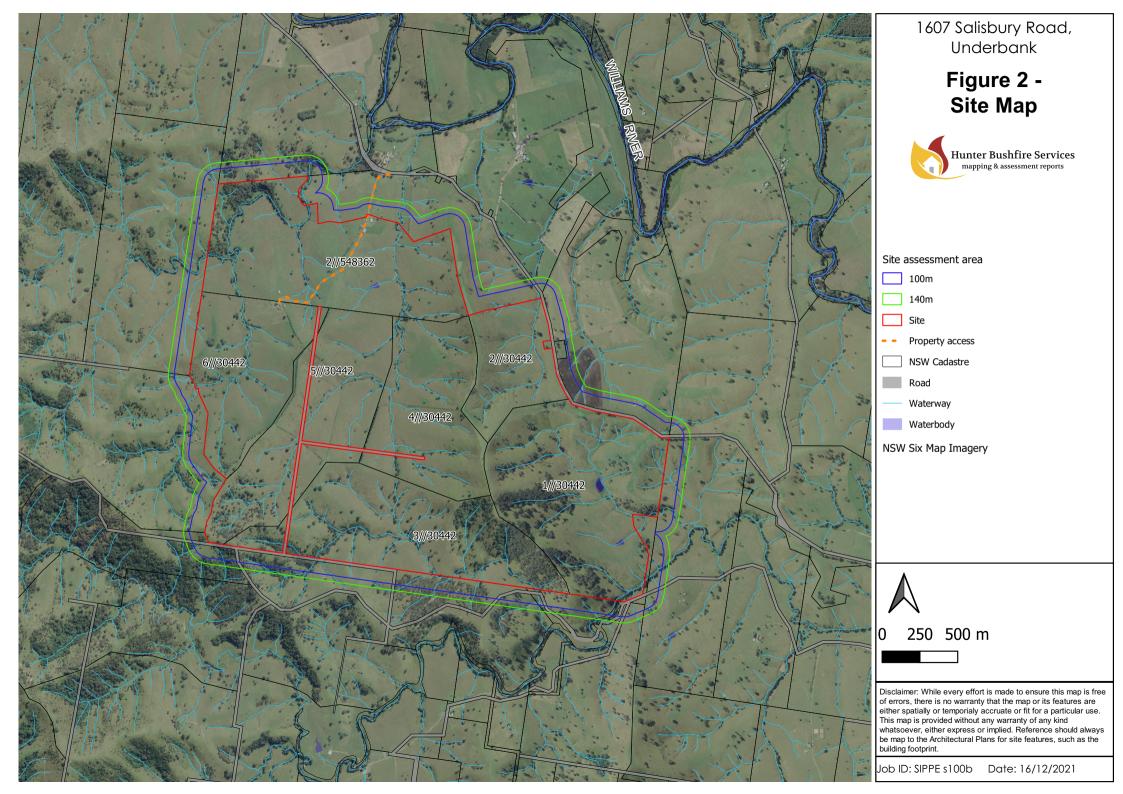
This BAR also addresses the specific objectives for residential and rural residential subdivisions with a dwelling entitlement, as listed in section 5.2 of PBP (2019), and a checklist is included in Appendix II

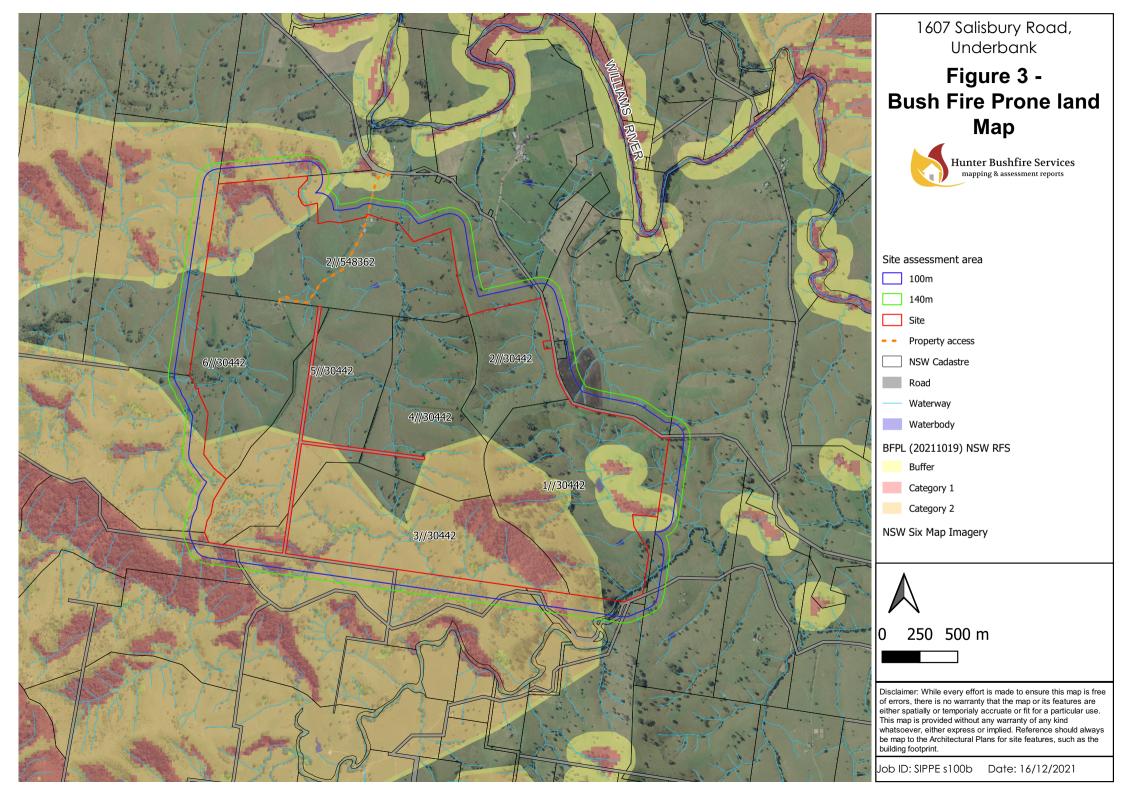
As the proposal is will entail the creation of a building entitlement, a nominated building envelope will be identified.

Site location details

Street Address	1607 Salisbury Road, Underbank.
Title Details	Lots 2 DP548362 & 1 of DP 30442 will be impacted; however the property
	consists of 7 lots, being lots 1,2,3,4,5 & 6 of DP30442 & 2/DP548362
Area	The proposed lot 62 will be 66.83 Ha while proposed lot 63 will total 154.37 Ha,
	consisting of two parts – 42.87Ha & 111.5 Ha each.
LGA	Dungog Council
Boundaries	Salisbury Road adjoins the North-Eastern boundary & provides access to the Site
	via a Right-of-way over a neighbouring property. Rural properties adjoin the Site
	on each boundary. An unformed Crown Road is located within the Site and
	extends to the South-Western boundary.
Surrounding	The surrounding land use is agricultural, with cattle grazing on grassland and
Land Use	irrigation of crops along the banks of the Williams River.
Land Zoning	The Site and surrounding lands are zoned RU1 for Primary Production
Current Land	The property hosts a single existing dwelling and ancillary buildings. The land on
Use	the site is stocked with cattle and grazed year-round. A neighbouring dwelling is
	located near the Northern property boundary & shares access to Salisbury Road.
Topography	Underbank is defined by the foothills of the Barrington Tops & watered by the
	Williams River. Land to the South of the property is more heavily forested and
	steep. The Site is largely cleared of trees, with riparian corridors remaining.
	Plantings within the Site are adjoining access tracks and as windbreaks.
Climate & Fire	NPWS Fire History - Wildfires and Prescribed Burns records several fires within
history	proximity of the Site; the nearest being the Chichester Rd, Underbank wildfire in
	2017-18, some 2.5kms North. Several recorded wildfires are recorded nearby,
	within the Barrington Tops National Park & Chichester State Forest.
	NSW RFS Bushfire Prone Land (BFPL) data (BFPL 20211019) shows that Category
	1 & 2 hazard vegetation & Buffer impacts the Site. This designation has triggered
	the need for the following assessment. The Site and surrounds are located within
	Dungog LGA, which has a Fire Danger Index (FDI) of 100 as per NSW RFS
	publication "NSW Local Government Areas FDI" (May 2017).
Environmental	A basic AHIMS Web search on 07/12/2021 returned no records of Aboriginal sites
& Cultural	in or near either lot. As the proposal does not require a change of current land
Significance	management practices, the proposal is not considered to constitute an impact on
3.6	native species or matters of environmental or cultural significance. A search for
	Matters of National Environmental Significance is included as Appendix IV







Bushfire Hazard Assessment

Vegetation Hazard Classes

All substantial areas of vegetation within 140m of the Site boundaries have been assessed and classified for bushfire assessment purposes according to Keith Class as per Keith (2004), Appendix 1 & Figure A1.2 of PBP (2019). A site visit was undertaken, and where access was not possible vegetation types have been classified using Aerial Photo Interpretation (API) of NSW SIX imagery (2021). The primary hazard vegetation class for the existing dwellings, nominated building envelope and shared property access is Grassland.

Keith Formation of the *Hunter Greater v4 E 3855* dataset identified Forested Wetlands and Riverine Forests within the North-West area of the property, and Rainforests & Wet sclerophyll forests along the Southern portion of the property, within the areas of steeper topography.

The most significant bushfire hazard vegetation within the Site assessment area is the dense vegetation along the steeper slopes within the Southern portion of the Site. As the majority of the Site is used to graze cattle, the primary hazard vegetation is grassland. Treed areas are on steeper hillsides away from the dwellings & property access roads. Planted trees spaced apart have been established along internal property access tracks & fence-lines as windbreaks (excluded as low threat vegetation under A1.10 of PBP). Some denser riverine & roadside vegetation is located near the property access point from Salisbury Road, on adjoining land.

Table 1 – Vegetation Hazard Class Determination

	rable 1 – Vegetation Hazara Class Determination							
Site	Direction	Description	Classification					
Entire Si	North	Low-lying & flatter areas cleared of trees host grazed fields. Riparian vegetation along waterways and Salisbury Road.	Grassland					
Ē	South	Steeper terrain with vegetated slopes. Vegetated waterways, Grassland predominant.	Grassland					
	East	More level terrain, open areas for grazing adjoining Salisbury Road	Grassland					
	West	Managed land surrounding homestead, with cleared and grazed paddock to the Western boundary.	Grassland					
⊣								
Lot	North	Bound by Salisbury Road, the land is predominately grassland. Trees scattered along riparian corridors.	Grassland					
	South	More mountainous country, with larger vegetated areas.	Forest					
	East	Predominately grassland with denser vegetation scattered along waterways.	Grassland					
	West Lot boundary runs along ridgetop, with vegetation along riparian zones.							
7	Direction	Description	Classification					
Ę	North	Forest						
		Bullee Coggee Creek, extending to the property access point near Salisbury Road.						
	South	Grazing land for cattle – adjoining existing dwelling on lot 6/DP30442	Grassland					
	East	Scattered trees along waterways & gullies, predominately grassland.	Grassland					
	West	Significant riparian vegetation along Bullee Coggee Creek, and low-lying areas.	Forest					

Table 2 – Site photos



Photo 1: – Property access from Salisbury Road.



Photo 2: – Access track between existing dwellings



Photo 3: – Facing South from access track, grazed grassland adjoining road. Ample room for passing by emergency service & residents.

Photo 4: – Facing East from entrance to Site. Grazed grassland within valley to East of existing dwelling.



Photo 5: – Facing North from site of proposed dwelling site, near existing dwelling.



Photo 6: — Facing North-East from site of nominated building envelope. Grassland is the primary hazard vegetation in each direction.

Slope Assessment

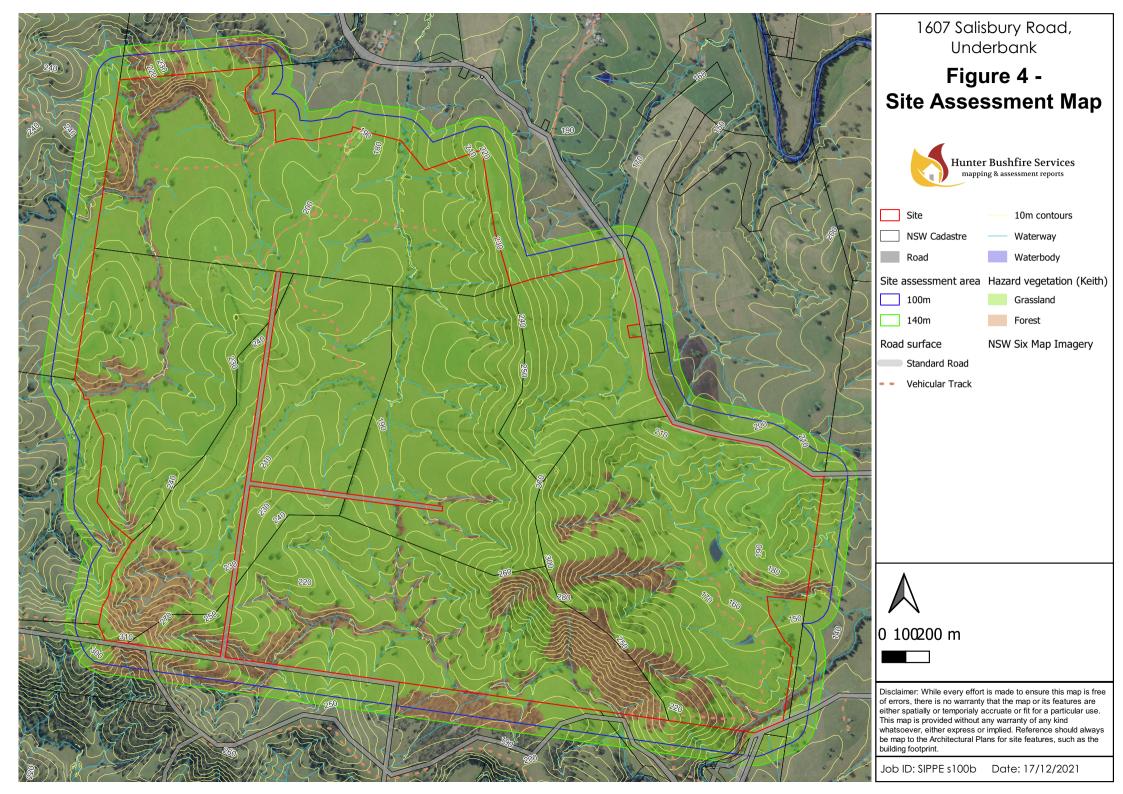
An assessment of the effective slope under the identified hazard vegetation was conducted for a distance of 100m around the Site. Both the average and maximum slopes were assessed to determine the gradient which would most significantly influence fire behaviour on the Site. Slopes have been categorised within the slope classification under PBP (2019) Appendix A1.4. Slopes were assessed during site visit and confirmed by Digital Elevation Model (DEM) data during map production for inaccessible areas. This 2 metre resolution DEM data is accurate to 0.3m vertically and 0.8m horizontally (to a 95% Confidence Interval) and was sourced from NSW Spatial Services then converted to contour lines for map production.

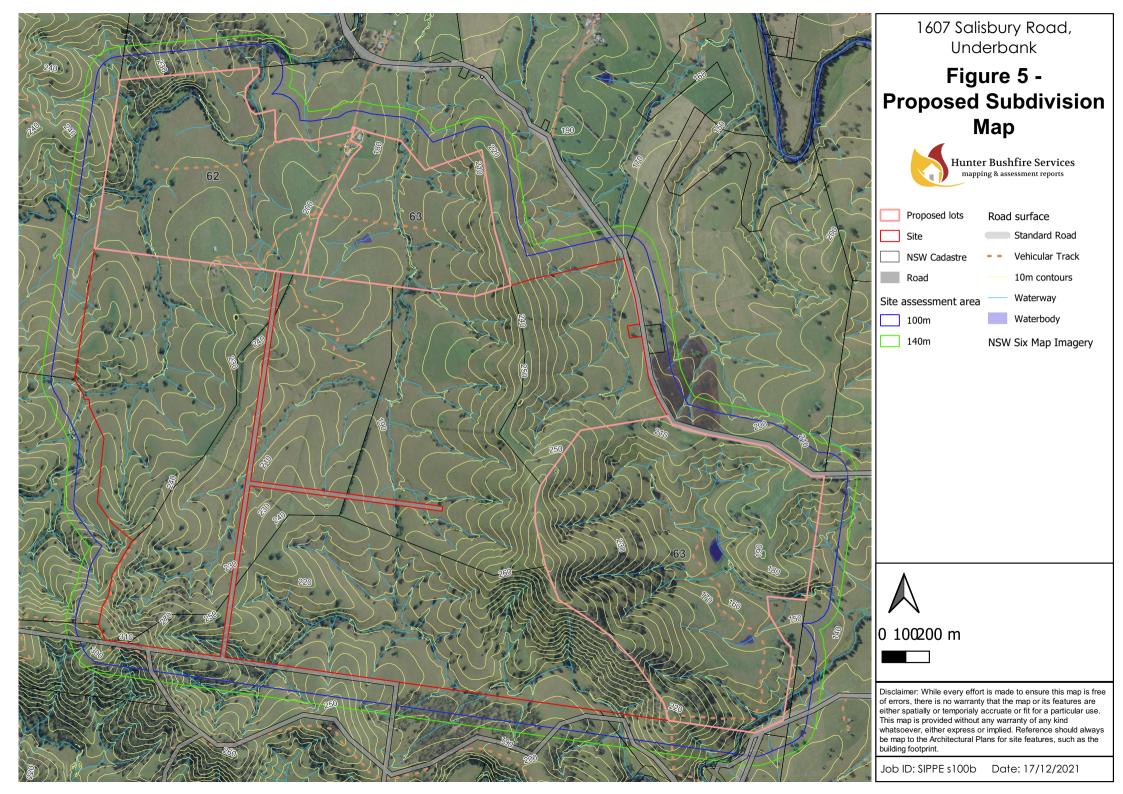
Table 3 – Effective Slope Class Determination

Transect	Direction	Keith Class	Slope Class		
Nominated building envelope					
T1	North	Grassland	>0° to >5°		
T2	East	Grassland	>5° to >10°		
T3	South	Grassland	Upslope / Flat land		
T4	West	Grassland	>5° to >10°		

Due to the many drainage lines and variable topography of the Site, any future proposed dwelling must establish site-specific BPMs and APZs/BALs to ensure compliance with PBP (2019).

This BAR has determined that the Site is able to host a dwelling at or below BAL-29.





Bushfire Hazard Determination

PBP (2019) sets out a suite of BPMs and criteria that require consideration and assessment for applicable proposals on bushfire-prone land in order to provide an adequate level of protection to new developments.

The measures required to be assessed are listed below and have been derived from the Bushfire Hazard Assessment in this report:

- APZ
- Access
- Services Water supply, Gas and Electricity
- Landscaping and Fuel Management
- Emergency Management
- Existing Dwellings

APZ

The primary hazard vegetation class for the existing dwellings, nominated building envelope and shared property access is Grassland. As such the BAL will be dependent on the extent of the APZ. The minimum required APZ in this case (A1.12.2) would be 10-17m depending on slope, however with a 50m APZ the dwellings & identified building envelope is able to achieve BAL-LOW.

The minimum required APZ for the identified building envelope as per table A1.12.2 of PBP2019 is;

Table 4 – Compliance with PBP for APZs (table 5.3a)

Direction	Keith Class	Slope Class	Minimum required APZ
North	Grassland	>0° to >5°	12m
East	Grassland	>5° to >10°	13m
South	Grassland	Upslope / Flat land	10m
West	Grassland	>5° to >10°	13m

NB: a 50m APZ is achievable for a future dwelling on the nominated building envelope to achieve BAL-LOW.

Access

Adequate ingress/ egress and the provision of defendable space are requirements of Table 5.3b, and Appendix 3 of PBP (2019).

Property access to the Site is via Salisbury Road to the North. The existing property access road from Salisbury Road complies with all-weather access requirements and is considered appropriate and compliant for the purposes of the proposed development. Where through-roads are not viable, a turning circle as per Appendix 3 of PBP must be provided.

Table 5 – Compliance with PBP for Access (table 5.3b)

No	Performance Criteria	Complies	Acceptable Solutions	Complies	Response			
Acce	Access (General Requirements)							
1	Firefighting vehicles are provided with safe, all-weather access to structures.	Yes	Property access roads are two- wheel, all weather roads.	Yes	The property access road is well graded gravel of a standard that ensures two-wheel drive, all weather access.			
2		Not Applicable	Perimeter roads are provided for residential subdivisions of 3 or more allotments.	Not Applicable	Perimeter roads are not required because the proposal is a boundary re-alignment subdivision, and is not creating 3 or more allotments.			
3		Not Applicable	Subdivisions of three or more allotments have more than one access in and out of the development.	Not Applicable	One access is provided in and out of the development because it is for less than 3 allotments.			
4		Not Applicable	Traffic management devices are constructed to not prohibit access by emergency services vehicles.	Not Applicable	Traffic management devices are not proposed for this development.			
		Yes	Maximum grades for sealed roads do not exceed 15 degrees and an average grade of not more than 10 degrees or other gradient specified by road design standards,	Yes	At the time of Site inspection, maximum grades of the unsealed access road do not exceed 10 degrees.			

No	Performance Criteria	Complies	Acceptable Solutions	Complies	Response
			whichever is the lesser gradient.		
5		Able to Comply	All roads are through roads.	Able to Comply	Any roads that are not through roads must incorporate a minimum 12 metres outer radius turning circle, as per Appendix 3 of PBP 2019.
6		Able to Comply	Dead end roads are not recommended, but if unavoidable, are not more than 200 metres in length, incorporate a minimum 12 metres outer radius turning circle, and are clearly sign posted as a dead end.	Able to Comply	see above response.
7		Not Applicable	Where kerb and guttering are provided on perimeter roads, roll top kerbing should be used to the hazard side of the road.	Not Applicable	No perimeter roads or road kerbs are proposed.
8		Not Applicable	Where access/egress can only be achieved through forest, woodland and heath vegetation, secondary access shall be provided to an alternate point on the existing public road system.	Not Applicable	Access/egress for the Site is not through forest, woodland or heath vegetation. Established property access is via an unsealed Right-of Way- this access to the dwelling sites is over low threat vegetation. (See Site photos)
9		Not Applicable	One way only public access roads are no less than 3.5 metres wide and have	Not Applicable	No one way public access roads are proposed.

No	Performance Criteria	Complies	Acceptable Solutions	Complies	Response
			designated parking bays with hydrants located outside of these areas to ensure accessibility to reticulated water for fire suppression.		
10	The capacity of access roads is adequate for firefighting vehicles.	Not Applicable	The capacity of road surfaces and any bridges/causeways is sufficient to carry fully loaded firefighting vehicles (up to 23 tonnes), bridges and causeways are to clearly indicate load rating.	Not Applicable	The capacity of road surfaces and any bridges/causeways are to be designed to carry fully loaded firefighting vehicles (up to 23 tonnes). No bridges or causeways exist nor are required for access to the Site.
11	There is appropriate access to water supply.	Not Applicable	Hydrants are located outside of parking reserves and road carriageways to ensure accessibility to reticulated water for fire suppression.	Not Applicable	Water hydrants are not located in the road reserve and in turn a static water supply is required. See below.
12		Not Applicable	Hydrants are provided in accordance with the relevant clauses of AS2419.1:2005.	Not Applicable	Water hydrants are not located in the road reserve and in turn a static water supply is required. See below.
13		Able to Comply	There is suitable access for a Category 1 fire appliance to within 4m of the static water supply where no reticulated supply is available.	Able to Comply	Suitable access for a Category 1 fire appliance within 4m of the static water supply where no reticulated supply is available is able to be provided.
Perir	neter Roads				
14	Access roads are designed	Not Applicable	Are two-way sealed roads.	Not Applicable	No perimeter roads are proposed.
15	to allow safe access and egress for	Not Applicable	Minimum 8 m carriageway width kerb to kerb.	Not Applicable	No perimeter roads are proposed.

No	Performance Criteria	Complies	Acceptable Solutions	Complies	Response
16	firefighting vehicles while residents are	Not Applicable	Parking is provided outside of the carriageway width.	Not Applicable	No perimeter roads are proposed.
17	evacuating as well as providing a safe	Not Applicable	Hydrants are located clear of parking areas.	Not Applicable	No perimeter roads are proposed.
18	operational environment for emergency service personnel during firefighting	Not Applicable	Are through roads, and these are linked to the internal road system at an interval of no greater than 500m.	Not Applicable	No perimeter roads are proposed.
19	and emergency management	Not Applicable	Curves of roads have a minimum inner radius of 6m.	Not Applicable	No perimeter roads are proposed.
20	on the interface.	Not Applicable	The maximum grade road is 15 degrees and average grade of not more than 10 degrees.	Not Applicable	No perimeter roads are proposed.
21		Not Applicable	The road crossfall does not exceed 3 degrees.	Not Applicable	No perimeter roads are proposed.
22		Not Applicable	A minimum vertical clearance of 4m to any overhanging obstructions, including tree branches, is provided.	Not Applicable	No perimeter roads are proposed.
Non-	-Perimeter Roads				
23	Access roads are designed to allow safe	Not Applicable	Minimum 5.5m carriageway width kerb to kerb.	Not Applicable	No non-perimeter roads are proposed.
24	access and egress for firefighting vehicles while	Not Applicable	Parking is provided outside of the carriageway width.	Not Applicable	No non-perimeter roads are proposed.
25	residents are evacuating.	Not Applicable	Hydrants are located clear of parking areas.	Not Applicable	No non-perimeter roads are proposed.
26		Not Applicable	Roads are through roads, and these are linked to the internal road system at an	Not Applicable	No non-perimeter roads are proposed.

No	Performance Criteria	Complies	Acceptable Solutions	Complies	Response
			interval of no greater than 500m.		
27		Not Applicable	Curves of roads have a minimum inner radius of 6m.	Not Applicable	No non-perimeter roads are proposed.
28		Not Applicable	The road crossfall does not exceed 3 degrees.	Not Applicable	No non-perimeter roads are proposed.
29		Not Applicable	A minimum vertical clearance of 4m to any overhanging obstructions, including tree branches, is provided.	Not Applicable	No non-perimeter roads are proposed.
Prop	erty Access				
30	Firefighting vehicles can access the dwelling and exit the property safely.	Able to Comply	There are no specific access requirements in an urban area where an unobstructed path (no greater than 70m) is provided between the most distant external part of the proposed dwelling and the nearest part of the public access road (where the road speed limit is not greater than 70 kph) that supports the operational use of emergency firefighting vehicles. In circumstances where this cannot occur, the following requirements apply:	Able to Comply	An assessment of the existing access has identified that specific access requirements are required because the site is not in an urban area where an unobstructed path (no greater than 70m) is provided between the most distant external part of the proposed dwelling and the nearest part of the public access road (where the speed limit is not greater than 70kph) that supports the operational use of emergency firefighting equipment. The specific access requirements are outlined below.
31		Yes	Minimum 4m carriageway width	Yes	A minimum 4m carriageway width is provided.

No	Performance Criteria	Complies	Acceptable Solutions	Complies	Response
32		Not Applicable	In forest, woodland and health situations, rural property roads have passing bays every 200m that are 20m long by 2m wide, making a minimum trafficable width of 6m, at the passing bay	Not Applicable	The property access road is not located near Forest, woodland or heath-class hazard vegetation and so passing bays are not required.
33		Yes	A minimum vertical clearance of 4m to any overhanding obstructions, including tree branches.	Yes	A minimum vertical clearance of 4m to any overhanding obstructions, including tree branches is achieved.
34		Able to Comply	Property access must provide a suitable turning head in accordance with Appendix 3.	Able to Comply	Ample space is available.to provide turning heads in accordance with PBP. The plans are to show a suitable turning head in accordance with Appendix 3.
35		Yes	Curves have a minimum inner radius of 6m and are minimal in number to allow for rapid access and egress.	Yes	Curves have a minimum inner radius of 6m and are minimal in number to allow for rapid access and egress.
36		Yes	The minimum distance between inner and outer curves is 6m.	Yes	The minimum distance between inner and outer curves is 6m.
37		Yes	The crossfall is not more than 10 degrees.	Yes	At the time of Site inspection, the crossfall is not more than 10 degrees.
38		Yes	Maximum grades for sealed roads do not exceed 15 degrees and not more than 10 degrees for unsealed roads.	Yes	At the time of Site inspection, the maximum grades do not exceed 10 degrees for unsealed roads.

No	Performance Criteria	Complies	Acceptable Solutions	Complies	Response
39		Not Applicable	A development compromising more than three dwellings has formalised access by dedication of a road and not a right of way.	Not Applicable	The development does not comprise of more than three dwellings.
40		NB	Note: Some short constrictions in the access may be accepted where they are not less than 3.5m wide, extent for no more than 30m and where the obstruction cannot be reasonably avoided or removed. The gradients applicable to public roads also apply to community style development property access roads in addition to the above.		

Water Supply & Services

The Site must comply with the acceptable solutions for services listed in Table 5.3c of PBP (2019).

The proposal is able to satisfy these requirements given:

- Each lot with a dwelling must provide a static water supply as per Table 5.3d of PBP (2019), for this proposal a 20kl tank is required for each existing dwelling.
- The Site is connected to the existing power supply available from Dungog.
- Gas supply (if available) shall be provided in accordance with the provisions of PBP (2019).

A 20KL SWS must be provided for each existing dwelling, in an accessible location. A 65mm Storz outlet with a ball valve be fitted & a hardened ground surface for truck access within 4m of the SWS outlet is to be established.

Table 6— Compliance with PBP for Services (table 5.3c)

Table 0	PERFORMANCE	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTION				
	an adequate water supply is provided for firefighting purposes	 reticulated water is to be provided to the development where available; a static water and hydrant supply is provided for non-reticulated developments or where reticulated water supply cannot be guaranteed; and static water supplies shall comply with Table 5.3d: 				
		Table 5.3d Water supply requirements for non-reticulated developments or where reticulated water supply cannobe guaranteed.				
		DEVELOPMENT TYPE WATER REQUIREMENTS				
		Residential lots (<1,000m²) 5,000L/lot				
		Rural-residential lots (1,000-10,000m²) 10,000L/lot				
		Large rural/lifestyle lots (>10,000m²) 20,000L/lot				
		Multi-dwelling housing 5,000L/dwelling (including dual occupancies)				
Water supplies	water supplies are located at regular intervals; and the water supply is accessible and reliable for firefighting operations	relevant clauses of Australian Standard AS 2419.1:2005; hydrants are not located within any road carriageway; and reticulated water supply to urban subdivisions uses a ring main system for areas with perimeter roads.				
ter s	flows and pressure are appropriate	 fire hydrant flows and pressures comply with the relevant clauses of AS 2419.1:2005 				
Wa	the integrity of the water supply is maintained	 all above-ground water service pipes are metal, including and up to any taps; and above-ground water storage tanks shall be of concrete or metal. 				
Electricity	location of electricity services limits the possibility of ignition of surrounding bush land or the fabric of buildings	 where practicable, electrical transmission lines are underground; where overhead, electrical transmission lines are proposed as follows; lines are installed with short pole spacing of 30m, unless crossing gullies, gorges or riparian areas; and no part of a tree is closer to a power line than the distance set out in ISSC3 Guideline for Managing Vegetation Near Power Lines 				

Gas Services

location and design of gas services will not lead to ignition of surrounding bushland or the fabric of buildings

- reticulated or bottled gas is installed and maintained in accordance with AS/NZS 1596:2014 - The storage and handling of LP Gas, the requirements of relevant authorities, and metal piping is used;
- all fixed gas cylinders are kept clear of all flammable materials to a distance of 10m and shielded on the hazard side;
- connections to and from gas cylinders are metal;
- polymer-sheathed flexible gas supply lines are not used; and
- above-ground gas service pipes are metal, including and up to any outlets

Landscaping and Fuel Management

All future landscaping on the Site should be designed and managed to minimise impact of bushfire based on the principles set out in PBP (2019) being:

- o Prevent flame contact / direct ignition on the dwelling
- o Provide a defendable space for property protection;
- o Reduce fire spread;
- o Deflect and filter embers;
- o Provide shelter from radiant heat; and
- o Reduce wind speed.

In this manner, consideration should be given to species selection, planting location, flammability and size at maturity to ensure discontinuous canopy/ structure both vertically and horizontally to ensure the above principles are met.

Ongoing fuel management across the site as part of the maintenance regime must give due consideration to Appendix 4 Asset Protection Zone Requirements of PBP (2019) which provides guidance on maintenance activities to assist in achieving the landscape principles.

Emergency Management

Any fire within the site would be attended in the first instance by RFS Flat Tops brigade, located approximately 9.1km West of the Site by road. The next closest RFS brigade is located in Dungog-located 13.1kms from the Site via Alison Road.

To assist emergency responders from the NSW RFS, Site access is to comply with the provisions set out in PBP (2019) and any tanks' connection points be readily accessible and clearly marked. If pumps are to be available, they must be regularly maintained and in good working order.

Existing Dwellings (5.1.3)

Despite the nature of the proposal, it is essential for each land owner to review their individual bushfire safety plan to implement in the case of an emergency, and ensure that all vegetation in the immediate vicinity of dwellings is managed in accordance with the 10/50 Code to afford a minimum standard of protection. The existing dwellings should ensure surrounding vegetation is managed as per Appendix 4 of PBP (2019). In addition, consideration should be given improving ember protection via screening of openings, gutters, weep holes and vents including sub floor areas. Advice regarding the maintenance, upgrading and protection of existing buildings can be found on the NSW RFS website www.rfs.nsw.gov.au.

Conclusion & Recommendations

Hunter Bushfire Services has been engaged by Hill Top Planners PTY LTD on behalf of John, Sandra & Prudence Paris to prepare a BAR to accompany a DA for a subdivision of lot 2 DP548362 & 1 of DP 30442 at 1607 Salisbury Road, Underbank.

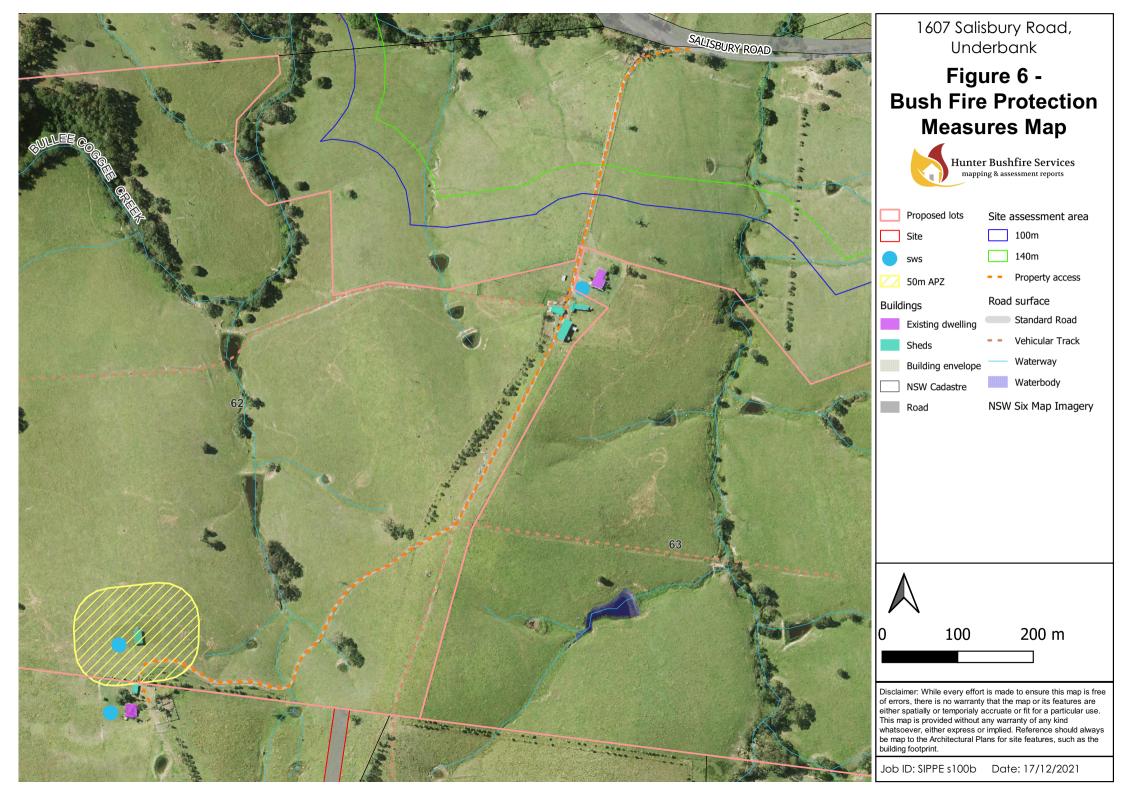
This assessment considered and assessed the bushfire hazard and potential threats relevant to the proposal, and outlined the minimum mitigative measures which would be required in accordance *Planning for Bushfire Protection (2019)* (PBP).

In order to determine how the proposed development is bushfire-prone, and which setbacks and other Bush Fire Protection Measures (BPM) are appropriate, this assessment adhered to the methodology and procedures outlined in PBP (2019) via assessment of acceptable solutions as outlined in Chapter 5 of PBP (2019). This assessment has been made based on the bushfire hazards in and around the Site at the time of site inspection (22nd September 2021) and report production.

This assessment demonstrated that the proposed subdivision does not constitute an increased risk to persons or property in the case of a Bushfire.

In summary, the following Site-specific Bushfire Protection Measures have been generated to enable the proposal to comply with PBP (2019);

- Access as dead end roads are unavoidable, they must incorporate a minimum 12 metres outer radius turning circle, and be clearly sign posted as a dead end.
- The Sites are connected electricity, gas supply (if available) and water in accordance with the provisions of table 5.3c PBP (2019) as summarised in the Water Supply & Services section of this report.
- Each lot with an existing dwelling must provide a SWS of 20,000 Litres or more, for firefighting purposes.
- Careful consideration of future Site landscaping and ongoing fuel management must occur to minimise the potential impact of bushfire on the site.
- With regard to existing dwellings on each lot and notwithstanding the nature of the proposal (boundary adjustment), it is essential for each land owner to review their individual bushfire safety plan to implement in the case of an emergency. At a minimum ensure that all vegetation in the immediate vicinity of the principal dwelling is managed in accordance with the 10/50 Code at a minimum to afford a minimum standard of protection. In addition, consideration should be given to improved ember protection via screening of openings, gutters, weep holes and vents including sub floor areas. The location and accessibility of water for firefighting purposes should also be carefully considered with due regard to guidance provided in PBP 2019.



References

- AS-3959 Construction of Buildings in Bushfire-Prone Areas. Standards Australia (2018)
- NSW Bushfire Prone Land data NSW Rural Fire Service 2021
- Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979. NSW Government.
- NSW SIX imagery (2015) Department of Finance, Services and Innovation https://www.spatial.nsw.gov.au/
- Ocean Shores to Desert Dunes. DEC, Sydney. Keith D (2004).
- Planning for Bushfire Protection. NSW Rural Fire Service (2019).
- Rural Fires Act 1997. NSW Government.
- Rural Fires Act Regulation 2008. NSW Government.

Abbreviations

APZ Asset Protection Zone
BAL Bush Fire Attack Level
BAR Bushfire Assessment Report
BCA Building Code of Australia
BFPL Bush fire prone land
BFDB Bush Fire Design Brief

BPM Bush fire protection measure
BFSA Bush fire safety authority
DA Development application
DCP Development Control Plan

DPIE NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment EP&A Act Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

FDI Fire Danger Index

FFDI Forest Fire Danger Index
GFDI Grassland Fire Danger Index

IPA Inner Protection Area

kW/m2 Kilowatts per metre squared LEP Local Environmental Plan

NASH National Association of Steel Framed Housing (2014) Steel Framed Construction

in Bush Fire Areas

NCC National Construction Code
OPA Outer Protection Area

PBP Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019

RF Act Rural Fires Act 1997

RF Reg Rural Fires Regulation 2013 NSW RFS NSW Rural Fire Service

SEPP State Environmental Planning Policy
SFPP Special fire protection purpose

SFR Short fire run

APPENDIX I – SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

To demonstrate that this BAR is in accordance with clause 44 of the Rural Fires Regulation 2013 (RF Regulation) and satisfies the application requirements for a bush fire safety authority under Section 100B of the Rural Fires Act 1997 (RF Act). (p.95).

No	Ge	neral	Response
1	A description (including the address) of the property on which the development the subject of the application is proposed to be carried out.		Please refer to Site location details
2	the bo	classification of the vegetation on and surrounding e property (out to a distance of 140 metres from the undaries of the property) in accordance with the stem of classification of vegetation contained within unning for Bushfire Protection.	Please refer to Vegetation Hazard Classes
3	sui	assessment of the slope of the land on and rounding the property (out to a distance of 100 etres from the boundaries of the property).	Please refer to Slope Assessment
4	Identification of any significant environmental features of the property.		Please refer to Site location details
5	The details of any threatened species, population or ecological community identified under the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 that is known to the applicant to exist on the property.		Please refer to APPENDIX IV – MNES SEARCH
6	(w Ac tha	e details and location of any Aboriginal object ithin the meaning of the National Parks and Wildlife t 1974) or Aboriginal place (within the meaning of at Act) that is known to the applicant to be situated the property.	Please refer to APPENDIX V – AHIMS
7	A bushfire assessment for the proposed development (including the methodology used in the assessment that addresses the following matters:		
	а	The extent to which the development is to provide setbacks, including Assessment Protection Zones.	Please refer to Part 3 – Bushfire Protection Measures.
	р	The siting and adequacy of water supplies for firefighting.	Please refer to Water Supply & Services.
	С	The capacity of public roads in the vicinity to handle increased volumes of traffic in the event of a bush fire emergency.	Please refer to Site location details.
	d	Whether or not public roads in the vicinity that link the fire trail network have two-way access.	Please refer to Site location details
	е	The adequacy of arrangements for access to and egress from the development site for the purposes of emergency response.	Please refer to Access.

	f	The adequacy of bush fire maintenance plans and fire emergency procedures for the development site.	A Bushfire Survival Plan is advised to be prepared by the residents of the existing dwelling. Information to assist with the preparation of a Bush Fire Survival Plan can be found at www.nswrfs.gov.au . A fire maintenance plan for the site is addressed under Landscaping and Fuel Management & APZ sections of this report.
	a	The construction standards to be used for building elements in the development.	The construction standards to be used will depend on the APZ provided, which will be addressed via a subsequent BAR for any dwelling that is proposed. This report has demonstrated the proposed subdivision is able to comply with PBP (2019), and APZs are able to be provided for existing and future dwellings within the Site.
	h	The adequacy of sprinkler systems and other fire protection measures to be incorporated into the development.	The bushfire protection measures required for this development to comply with PBP are listed in this report under Bushfire Hazard Determination & Conclusion & Recommendations. Further BPMs such as sprinklers are not considered necessary for the protection of life and property, considering the risk profile of the Site.
	i	An assessment of the extent to which the proposed development conforms with or deviates from the standards, specific objectives, performance criteria and acceptable solutions set out in Chapters 5-8 of PBP.	The extent to which the proposed development conforms with the standards, specific objectives and acceptable solutions set out in Chapters 5-8 of PBP is considered to be acceptable.
	j	Identify any fire trails that exist on the property that are on the Register of Certified Fire Trails under the RF Act s.620.	No fire trails are on the property that are listed on the Register of Certified Fire Trails under the RF Act s.620.

APPENDIX II – AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF PBP

The checklist below demonstrates that this BAR satisfies the aims and objectives of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019, and the specific objectives for residential and rural residential subdivisions with a dwelling entitlement.

Aims and objectives of PBP (p.10).		
Requirement	Complies	Bushfire Assessment Report (BAR)
Afford occupants of	YES	The land around the dwelling provides for defendable space
any building adequate		and secure egress from the (grassland) bushfire hazard.
protection from		
exposure to bush fire.		
Provide for defendable	YES	The managed land around the existing dwellings provides
space to be located		defendable space.
around buildings.		
Provide appropriate	YES	The APZs have been informed by the methodology of PBP
separation between a		2019 to provide suitable separation between the bushfire
hazard and buildings,		hazard and future or existing buildings.
which, in combination		
with other measures,		
prevent direct flame		
contact and material		
ignition.		
Ensure that safe	YES	All lots have direct access to local roads, which then connect
operational access and		to Salisbury Road, an existing sealed public road.
egress for emergency		
service personnel and		
residents is available.		
Provide for ongoing	YES	APZs identified for the proposed lots will be required to
management and		maintain the APZ in accordance with PBP 2019 (Appendix 4)
maintenance of bush		and the NSW RFS Standards for Asset Protection Zones.
fire protection		
measures, including		
flue loads in the Asset		
Protection Zone (APZ).		
Ensure utility services	YES	The development will be required to provide essential water
are adequate to meet		supplies to meet the needs of firefighters.
the needs of		
firefighters (and others		
assisting in bush		
firefighting).		
5.2 specific objectives for	or residentia	l and rural residential subdivisions with a dwelling
entitlement (p.42)		
Requirement	Complies	Bushfire Assessment Report (BAR)
minimise perimeters	YES	The proposed boundary realignment subdivision does not
of the subdivision		increase exposure to bush fire hazard vegetation.
exposed to the bush		
fire hazard (hourglass		
shapes, which		
maximise perimeters		

1 1 1 11		
and create bottlenecks		
should be avoided);		
minimise vegetated		
corridors that permit		
the passage of bush		
fire towards buildings;		
provide for the siting	YES	Future dwellings are encouraged (when isolated rural
of future dwellings		developments) to be clustered near existing dwellings, to
away from ridge-tops		enable shared defence, vegetation management and
and steep slopes,		emergency egress in case of bushfire.
within saddles and		
narrow ridge crests;		
ensure that APZs	YES	A future BAR will asses ultimate siting location and determine
between a bush fire		and appropriate APZ. The minimum required APZ for the site
hazard and future		is provided in this BAR in the section on APZs.
dwellings are		
effectively designed to		
address the relevant		
bush fire attack		
mechanisms;		
ensure the ongoing	YES	APZs are required to be maintained as per Appendix 4 of PBP
maintenance of APZs;	123	2019.
provide adequate	YES	Adequate access for all dwellings within the Site are provided
access from all	TES	to the wider road network for residents and emergency
		services.
properties to the wider		Scrivices.
road network for		
residents and		
emergency services;	WES	
provide access to	YES	Access to the surrounding grassland hazard vegetation is
hazard vegetation to		provided.
facilitate bush fire		
mitigation works and		
fire suppression;		
and		
ensure the provision of	YES	The requirement for SWS on each lot with a dwelling will
an adequate supply of		ensure the provision of an adequate supply of water and
water and other		other services to facilitate effective firefighting.
services to facilitate		
effective firefighting.		

APPENDIX III – PROPOSED SUBDIVISION PLANS

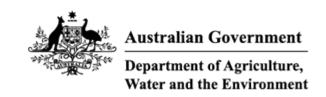
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APPENDIX IV – MNES SEARCH

EPBC Act Protected Matters report - Caveat

This report is designed to assist in identifying the locations of places which may be relevant in determining obligations under the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation (EPBC) Act 1999. The report provides the mapped locations of World and National Heritage properties, Wetlands of International and National Importance, Commonwealth and State/Territory reserves, listed threatened, migratory and marine species, listed threatened ecological communities and other information could be useful as an indicator of potential habitat value. The mapped locations have been collated from a range of data sources at various resolutions as acknowledged at the end of this report.

Not all species listed under the EPBC Act have been mapped (see below) and therefore this report is a general guide only. Where data is available to support mapping, the type of presence that can be determined from the data is indicated in general terms. People using this information to inform a referral may need to ... seek and consider other information sources.



EPBC Act Protected Matters Report

This report provides general guidance on matters of national environmental significance and other matters protected by the EPBC Act in the area you have selected. Please see the caveat for interpretation of information provided here.

Report created: 13-Dec-2021

Summary

Details

Matters of NES
Other Matters Protected by the EPBC Act
Extra Information

Caveat

Acknowledgements

Summary

Matters of National Environment Significance

This part of the report summarises the matters of national environmental significance that may occur in, or may relate to, the area you nominated. Further information is available in the detail part of the report, which can be accessed by scrolling or following the links below. If you are proposing to undertake an activity that may have a significant impact on one or more matters of national environmental significance then you should consider the <u>Administrative Guidelines on Significance</u>.

World Heritage Properties:	None
National Heritage Places:	None
Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar	1
Great Barrier Reef Marine Park:	None
Commonwealth Marine Area:	None
Listed Threatened Ecological Communities:	4
Listed Threatened Species:	35
Listed Migratory Species:	14

Other Matters Protected by the EPBC Act

This part of the report summarises other matters protected under the Act that may relate to the area you nominated. Approval may be required for a proposed activity that significantly affects the environment on Commonwealth land, when the action is outside the Commonwealth land, or the environment anywhere when the action is taken on Commonwealth land. Approval may also be required for the Commonwealth or Commonwealth agencies proposing to take an action that is likely to have a significant impact on the

The EPBC Act protects the environment on Commonwealth land, the environment from the actions taken on Commonwealth land, and the environment from actions taken by Commonwealth agencies. As heritage values of a place are part of the 'environment', these aspects of the EPBC Act protect the Commonwealth Heritage values of a Commonwealth Heritage place. Information on the new heritage laws can be found at http://www.environment.gov.au/heritage

A <u>permit</u> may be required for activities in or on a Commonwealth area that may affect a member of a listed threatened species or ecological community, a member of a listed migratory species, whales and other cetaceans, or a member of a listed marine species.

Commonwealth Lands:	1
Commonwealth Heritage Places:	None
Listed Marine Species:	19
Whales and Other Cetaceans:	None
Critical Habitats:	None
Commonwealth Reserves Terrestrial:	None
Australian Marine Parks:	None
Habitat Critical to the Survival of Marine Turtles:	None

Extra Information

This part of the report provides information that may also be relevant to the area you have

State and Territory Reserves:	None
Regional Forest Agreements:	1
Nationally Important Wetlands:	None
EPBC Act Referrals:	2
Key Ecological Features (Marine):	None
Biologically Important Areas:	None
Bioregional Assessments:	None
Geological and Bioregional Assessments:	None

Details

Matters of National Environmental Significance

Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Wetlands)	[Re	esource Information 1
Ramsar Site Name	Proximity	Buffer Status
Hunter estuary wetlands	50 - 100km upstrean from Ramsar site	n In feature area

Listed Threatened Ecological Communities

[Resource Information]

For threatened ecological communities where the distribution is well known, maps are derived from recovery plans, State vegetation maps, remote sensing imagery and other sources. Where threatened ecological community distributions are less well known, existing vegetation maps and point location data are used to produce indicative distribution maps.

Status of Vulnerable, Disallowed and Ineligible are not MNES under the EPBC Act.

Community Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Central Hunter Valley eucalypt forest and woodland	Critically Endangered	Community may occurIn feature area within area	
Coastal Swamp Sclerophyll Forest of New South Wales and South East Queensland	Endangered	Community may occu within area	urIn feature area
Lowland Rainforest of Subtropical Australia	Critically Endangered	Community likely to occur within area	In feature area
White Box-Yellow Box-Blakely's Red Gum Grassy Woodland and Derived Native Grassland	Critically Endangered	Community may occu within area	ırln feature area

Listed Threatened Species

[Resource Information]

Status of Conservation Dependent and Extinct are not MNES under the EPBC Act. Number is the current name ID.

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
BIRD			
Anthochaera phrygia			
Regent Honeyeater [82338]	Critically Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area	In feature area
Atrichornis rufescens Rufous Scrub-bird [655]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Botaurus poiciloptilus Australasian Bittern [1001]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Calidris ferruginea Curlew Sandpiper [856]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Erythrotriorchis radiatus Red Goshawk [942]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Falco hypoleucos Grey Falcon [929]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Grantiella picta Painted Honeyeater [470]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Hirundapus caudacutus White-throated Needletail [682]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Lathamus discolor Swift Parrot [744]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Numenius madagascariensis Eastern Curlew, Far Eastern Curlew [847]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Rostratula australis Australian Painted Snipe [77037]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
FROG			
Mixophyes balbus Stuttering Frog, Southern Barred Frog (in Victoria) [1942]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Mixophyes iteratus Giant Barred Frog, Southern Barred Frog [1944]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
MAMMAL			

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Chalinolobus dwyeri Large-eared Pied Bat, Large Pied Bat [183]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Dasyurus maculatus maculatus (SE mair Spot-tailed Quoll, Spotted-tail Quoll, Tiger Quoll (southeastern mainland population) [75184]	nland population) Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Petauroides volans Greater Glider [254]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Petrogale penicillata Brush-tailed Rock-wallaby [225]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Phascolarctos cinereus (combined popul Koala (combined populations of Queensland, New South Wales and the Australian Capital Territory) [85104]		ne ACT) Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Potorous tridactylus tridactylus Long-nosed Potoroo (SE Mainland) [66645]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Pseudomys novaehollandiae New Holland Mouse, Pookila [96]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Pseudomys oralis Hastings River Mouse, Koontoo [98]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Pteropus poliocephalus Grey-headed Flying-fox [186]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area	In feature area
PLANT			
Arthraxon hispidus Hairy-joint Grass [9338]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Cryptostylis hunteriana Leafless Tongue-orchid [19533]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Cynanchum elegans White-flowered Wax Plant [12533]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
<u>Dichanthium setosum</u> bluegrass [14159]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Eucalyptus glaucina Slaty Red Gum [5670]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Euphrasia arguta [4325]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Haloragis exalata subsp. velutina Tall Velvet Sea-berry [16839]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Persicaria elatior Knotweed, Tall Knotweed [5831]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Rhodamnia rubescens Scrub Turpentine, Brown Malletwood [15763]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Rhodomyrtus psidioides Native Guava [19162]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Syzygium paniculatum Magenta Lilly Pilly, Magenta Cherry, Daguba, Scrub Cherry, Creek Lilly Pilly, Brush Cherry [20307]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Thesium australe Austral Toadflax, Toadflax [15202]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Tylophora woollsii [20503]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Listed Migratory Species		[Res	source Information
Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Migratory Marine Birds			
Apus pacificus Fork-tailed Swift [678]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Migratory Terrestrial Species			
Cuculus optatus Oriental Cuckoo, Horsfield's Cuckoo [86651]		Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Hirundapus caudacutus White-throated Needletail [682]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Monarcha melanopsis Black-faced Monarch [609]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Motacilla flava Yellow Wagtail [644]		Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Myiagra cyanoleuca Satin Flycatcher [612]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	
Rhipidura rufifrons Rufous Fantail [592]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	
Symposiachrus trivirgatus as Monarcha (Spectacled Monarch [83946]	trivirgatus	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Migratory Wetlands Species			
Actitis hypoleucos Common Sandpiper [59309]		Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Calidris acuminata Sharp-tailed Sandpiper [874]		Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Calidris ferruginea Curlew Sandpiper [856]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
<u>Calidris melanotos</u>			
Pectoral Sandpiper [858]		Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Gallinago hardwickii			
Latham's Snipe, Japanese Snipe [863]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Numenius madagascariensis			
Eastern Curlew, Far Eastern Curlew [847]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area

Other Matters Protected by the EPBC Act

Commonwealth Lands [Resource Information]

The Commonwealth area listed below may indicate the presence of Commonwealth land in this vicinity. Due to the unreliability of the data source, all proposals should be checked as to whether it impacts on a Commonwealth area, before making a definitive decision. Contact the State or Territory government land department for further information.

Commonwealth Land Name	State	Buffer Status
Communications, Information Technology and the Arts - Telstra Corporation	on Limited	
Commonwealth Land - Australian Telecommunications Commission [1137	'21NSW	In feature area

Listed Marine Species		[Res	source Information
Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Bird			
Actitis hypoleucos			
Common Sandpiper [59309]		Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Apus pacificus			
Fork-tailed Swift [678]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Bubulcus ibis as Ardea ibis			
Cattle Egret [66521]		Species or species habitat may occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Calidris acuminata			
Sharp-tailed Sandpiper [874]		Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Calidris ferruginea			
Curlew Sandpiper [856]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Calidris melanotos			
Pectoral Sandpiper [858]		Species or species habitat may occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Gallinago hardwickii			
Latham's Snipe, Japanese Snipe [863]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Haliaeetus leucogaster			
White-bellied Sea-Eagle [943]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Hirundapus caudacutus			
White-throated Needletail [682]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Lathamus discolor			
Swift Parrot [744]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Merops ornatus			
Rainbow Bee-eater [670]		Species or species habitat may occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Monarcha melanopsis			
Black-faced Monarch [609]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Motacilla flava			
Yellow Wagtail [644]		Species or species habitat may occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Myiagra cyanoleuca Satin Elyeptober [612]		Species or species	In feature area
Satin Flycatcher [612]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area overfly marine area	in realure area
Neophema chrysostoma			
Blue-winged Parrot [726]		Species or species habitat may occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Numenius madagascariensis			
Eastern Curlew, Far Eastern Curlew [847]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Rhipidura rufifrons			
Rufous Fantail [592]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Rostratula australis as Rostratula bengha	alensis (sensu lato)		
Australian Painted Snipe [77037]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Symposiachrus trivirgatus as Monarcha t	rivirgatus		
Spectacled Monarch [83946]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area

Extra Information

thirds of Australia

Regional Forest Agreements	[R	esource Information]
Note that all areas with completed RFAs have been included.		
RFA Name	State	Buffer Status
North East NSW RFA	New South Wales	In feature area

EPBC Act Referrals			[Resou	rce Information]
Title of referral	Reference	Referral Outcome	Assessment Status	Buffer Status
Controlled action				
Tillegra Dam	2008/4551	Controlled Action	Completed	In feature area
Not controlled action				
Not controlled action				
Improving rabbit biocontrol: releasing another strain of RHDV, sthrn two	2015/7522	Not Controlled Action	Completed	In feature area

Caveat

1 PURPOSE

This report is designed to assist in identifying the location of matters of national environmental significance (MNES) and other matters protected by the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (Cth) (EPBC Act) which may be relevant in determining obligations and requirements under the EPBC Act.

The report contains the mapped locations of:

- World and National Heritage properties;
- Wetlands of International and National Importance;
- Commonwealth and State/Territory reserves;
- distribution of listed threatened, migratory and marine species;
- listed threatened ecological communities; and
- other information that may be useful as an indicator of potential habitat value.

2 DISCLAIMER

This report is not intended to be exhaustive and should only be relied upon as a general guide as mapped data is not available for all species or ecological communities listed under the EPBC Act (see below). Persons seeking to use the information contained in this report to inform the referral of a proposed action under the EPBC Act should consider the limitations noted below and whether additional information is required to determine the existence and location of MNES and other protected matters.

Where data are available to inform the mapping of protected species, the presence type (e.g. known, likely or may occur) that can be determined from the data is indicated in general terms. It is the responsibility of any person using or relying on the information in this report to ensure that it is suitable for the circumstances of any proposed use. The Commonwealth cannot accept responsibility for the consequences of any use of the report or any part thereof. To the maximum extent allowed under governing law, the Commonwealth will not be liable for any loss or damage that may be occasioned directly or indirectly through the use of, or reliance

3 DATA SOURCES

Threatened ecological communities

For threatened ecological communities where the distribution is well known, maps are generated based on information contained in recovery plans, State vegetation maps and remote sensing imagery and other sources. Where threatened ecological community distributions are less well known, existing vegetation maps and point location data are used to produce indicative distribution maps.

Threatened, migratory and marine species

Threatened, migratory and marine species distributions have been discerned through a variety of methods. Where distributions are well known and if time permits, distributions are inferred from either thematic spatial data (i.e. vegetation, soils, geology, elevation, aspect, terrain, etc.) together with point locations and described habitat; or modelled (MAXENT or BIOCLIM habitat modelling) using

Where little information is available for a species or large number of maps are required in a short time-frame, maps are derived either from 0.04 or 0.02 decimal degree cells; by an automated process using polygon capture techniques (static two kilometre grid cells, alpha-hull and convex hull); or captured manually or by using topographic features (national park boundaries, islands, etc.).

In the early stages of the distribution mapping process (1999-early 2000s) distributions were defined by degree blocks, 100K or 250K map sheets to rapidly create distribution maps. More detailed distribution mapping methods are used to update these distributions

4 LIMITATIONS

The following species and ecological communities have not been mapped and do not appear in this report:

- threatened species listed as extinct or considered vagrants;
- some recently listed species and ecological communities;
- some listed migratory and listed marine species, which are not listed as threatened species; and
- migratory species that are very widespread, vagrant, or only occur in Australia in small numbers.

The following groups have been mapped, but may not cover the complete distribution of the species:

- listed migratory and/or listed marine seabirds, which are not listed as threatened, have only been mapped for recorded
- seals which have only been mapped for breeding sites near the Australian continent

The breeding sites may be important for the protection of the Commonwealth Marine environment.

Refer to the metadata for the feature group (using the Resource Information link) for the currency of the information.

APPENDIX V – AHIMS BASIC SEARCH RESULTS

Your Ref/PO Number : 1607 lot 2

Client Service ID: 645400

Sam Ferguson

Date: 07 December 2021

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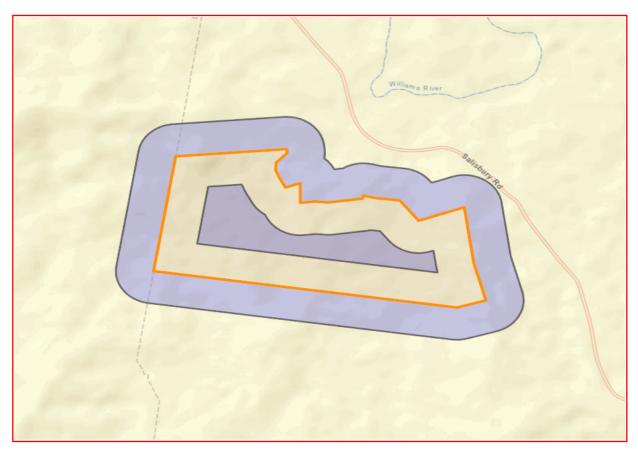
Toronto New South Wales 2283

Attention: Sam Ferguson Email: sffergo@gmail.com

Dear Sir or Madam:

AHIMS Web Service search for the following area at Lot: 2, DP:DP548362, Section: - with a Buffer of 200 meters, conducted by Sam Ferguson on 07 December 2021.

The context area of your search is shown in the map below. Please note that the map does not accurately display the exact boundaries of the search as defined in the paragraph above. The map is to be used for general reference purposes only.



A search of Heritage NSW AHIMS Web Services (Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System) has shown that:

0	0 Aboriginal sites are recorded in or near the above location.	
0	Aboriginal places have been declared in or near the above location *	

Your Ref/PO Number: 1607 lot 1

Client Service ID: 645401

Date: 07 December 2021

1

Toronto New South Wales 2283

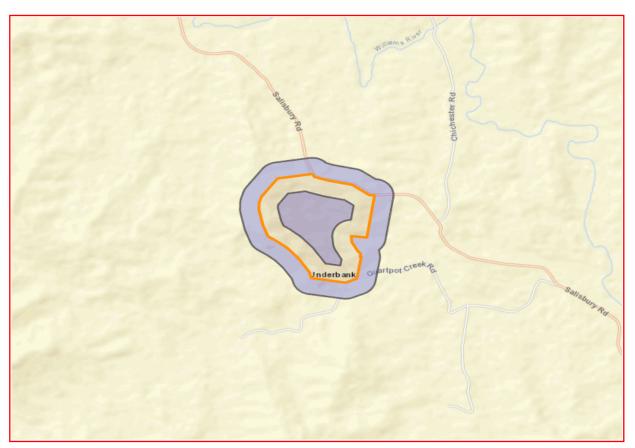
Attention: Sam Ferguson Email: sffergo@gmail.com

Dear Sir or Madam:

Sam Ferguson

AHIMS Web Service search for the following area at Lot: 1, DP:DP30442, Section: - with a Buffer of 200 meters, conducted by Sam Ferguson on 07 December 2021.

The context area of your search is shown in the map below. Please note that the map does not accurately display the exact boundaries of the search as defined in the paragraph above. The map is to be used for general reference purposes only.



A search of Heritage NSW AHIMS Web Services (Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System) has shown that:

0 Aboriginal places have been declared in or near the above location.*